
Open Data and Blockchains:

An Opportunity to Re-Imagine your Business?

A (very) short introduction to Blockchain



OPEN
KNOWLEDGE
GREECE

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Opening statements

What this talk is about...

This talk...

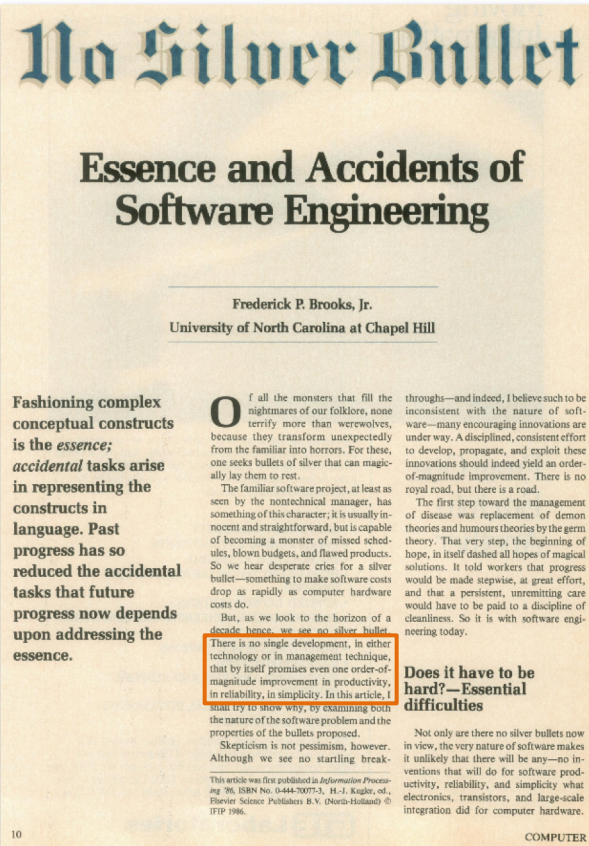
...is not...

- an academic lecture on Blockchain
- an unconditional praise of Blockchain
- focused on some specific Blockchain development tool / environment / ecosystem

...is about...

- introducing the basic principles behind Blockchain
- providing a non-financial example
- setting the context for discussing challenges introduced by Blockchain

No silver bullet...



"There is no single development, in either technology or management technique, which by itself promises even one order of magnitude improvement in productivity, in reliability, in simplicity"

Frederick P. Brooks, Jr.. 1987.

No Silver Bullet Essence and Accidents of Software Engineering.
Computer 20, 4 (April 1987), 10-19. DOI=10.1109/MC.1987.1663532
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1109/MC.1987.1663532>

Hype or not?

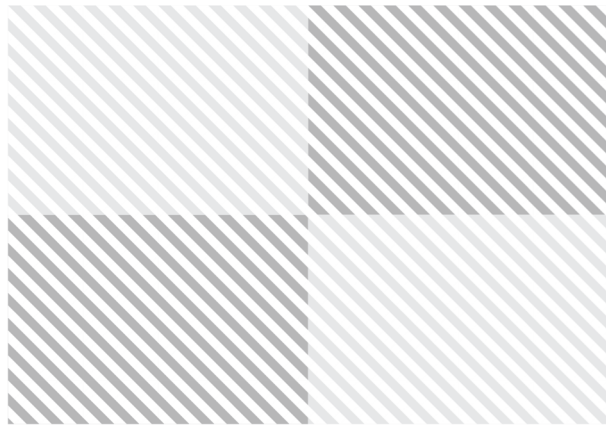
WORLD
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IMPROVING THE STATE
OF THE WORLD

White Paper

Blockchain Beyond the Hype A Practical Framework for Business Leaders

April 2018



hype¹

/haɪp/

informal

noun

noun: **hype**

1. extravagant or intensive publicity or promotion.

"his first album hit the stores amid a storm of hype"

synonyms: publicity, advertising, promotion, marketing, puff, puffery, **propaganda**, exposure;
More

- a **deception** carried out for the sake of publicity.

plural noun: **hypes**

"is his comeback a hype?"

verb

verb: **hype**; 3rd person present: **hypes**; past tense: **hyped**; past participle: **hyped**; gerund or present

participle: **hying**

1. promote or publicize (a product or idea) intensively, **often exaggerating its benefits.**

"an industry quick to hype its products"

synonyms: publicize, advertise, promote, push, boost, merchandise, give publicity to, give a puff
to, **puff**, puff up, build up, talk up, beat/bang the drum for, informal **plug**

"this was another stunt to hype a new product"

antonyms: play down

Key concepts

Key concepts

Database

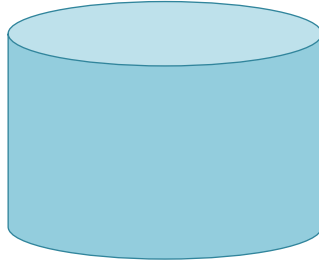
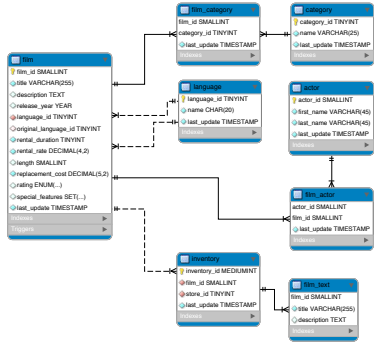
- A collection of data that is organized so that it can be easily accessed, managed and updated
- Data organization is achieved using a data model (conceptual, logical, physical)

Ledger

- A write-once { database | *table* | *relation* | *catalogue* | *list* | *data structure* | ... }
- You can **only add** new records on a ledger
- *Can* be implemented on a RDBMS
- Implied simpler structure than a Database, though not necessary
- Often confused with specific implementation contexts, especially Blockchains

Key concepts

DATABASE

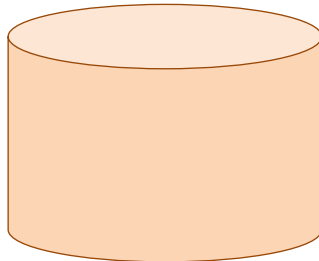
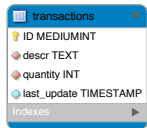


ID	DESCRIPTION	VALUE
1	Purchase	100
2	Purchase	200
3	Sale	-400
4	Sale	-30



ID	DESCRIPTION	VALUE
1	Purchase	100
2	Purchase	200
3	Sale	-40
4	Sale	-30

LEDGER

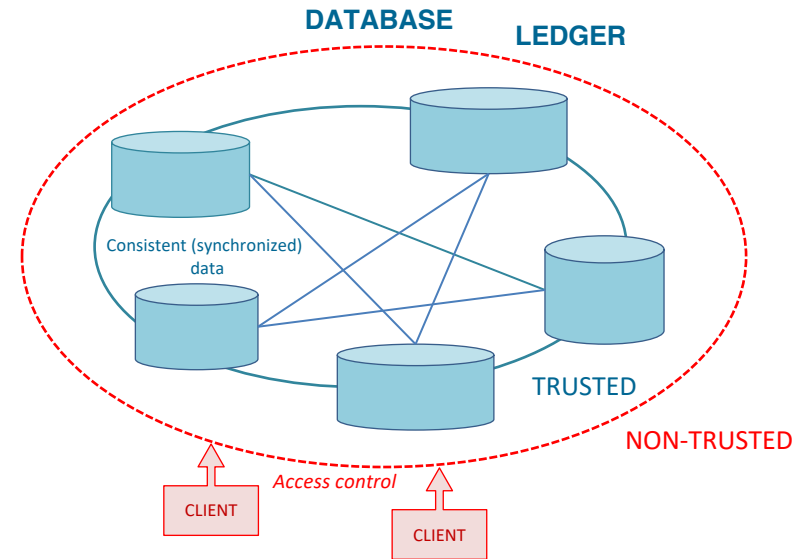


ID	DESCRIPTION	VALUE
1	Purchase	100
2	Purchase	200
3	Sale	-400
4	Correction	400
5	Sale	-40
6	Sale	-30

Key concepts

Distributed

- Databases can be distributed
- Distribution is about redundancy, fault tolerance, performance, etc.
- Ledgers can be distributed, too, for the same reasons!
- Notice the "boundary of trust"



Shared

- Data is synched outside the trust boundary
- Shared ledgers are by definition distributed

Key concepts

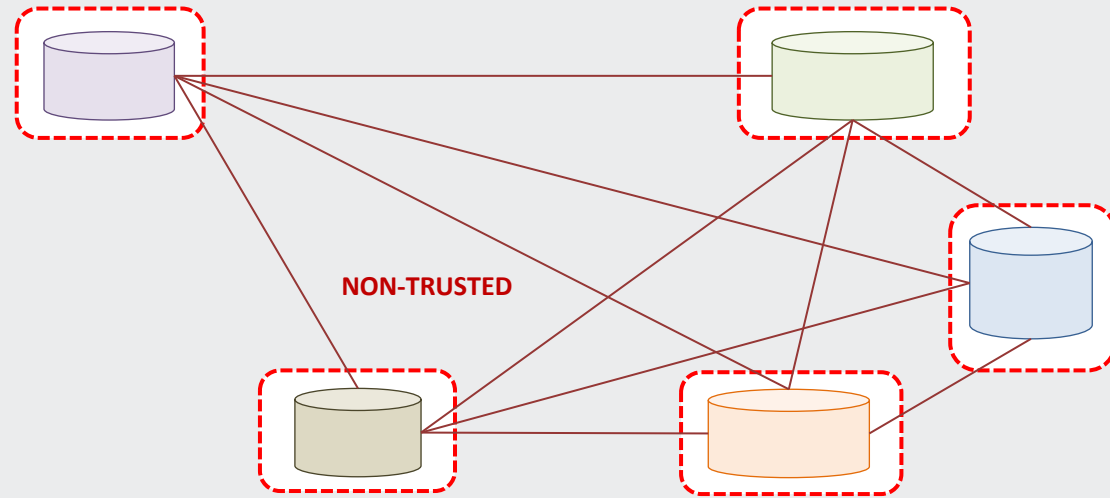
Distributed implementation alone, is not sufficient for a ledger to be characterized as "distributed ledger" in the context of Blockchain terminology

The **boundary of trust** makes the difference!



Distributed ledgers

A Blockchain *is* a distributed ledger; the opposite is not always true

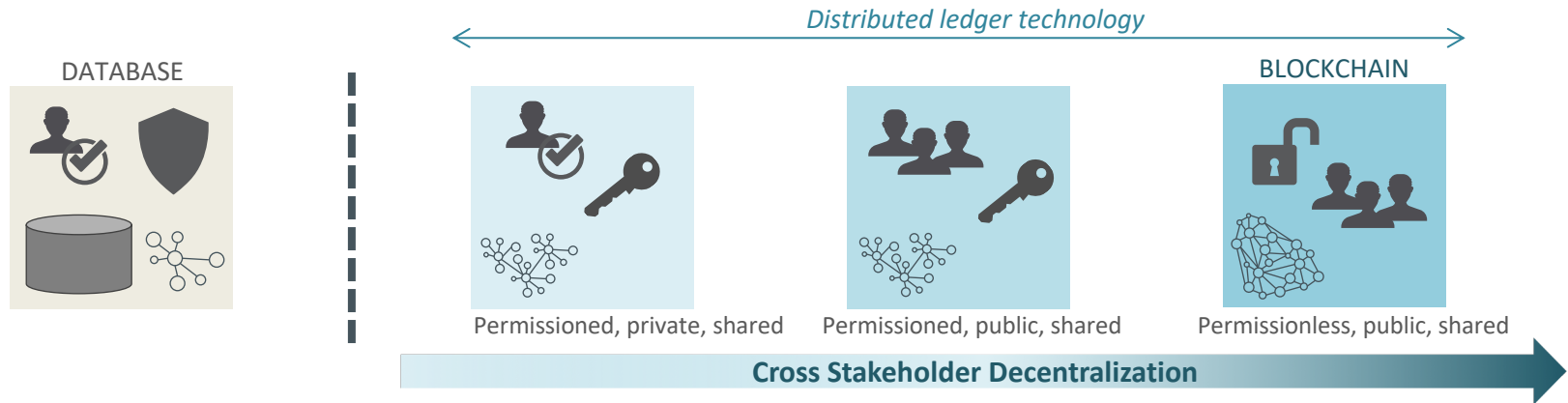


Definitions and the like...

Blockchain as a technology paradigm

Blockchain refers to a family of technologies that support the sharing of ledgers in a way that...

- Transactions are **immutable** (final, append-only), organized into "chains" of "blocks"
- Business logic is implemented as **contracts** that define conditions for transactions to happen
- **Cryptography** is used to protect and validate data
- Neither trust between parties, nor any "third trusted party" is required



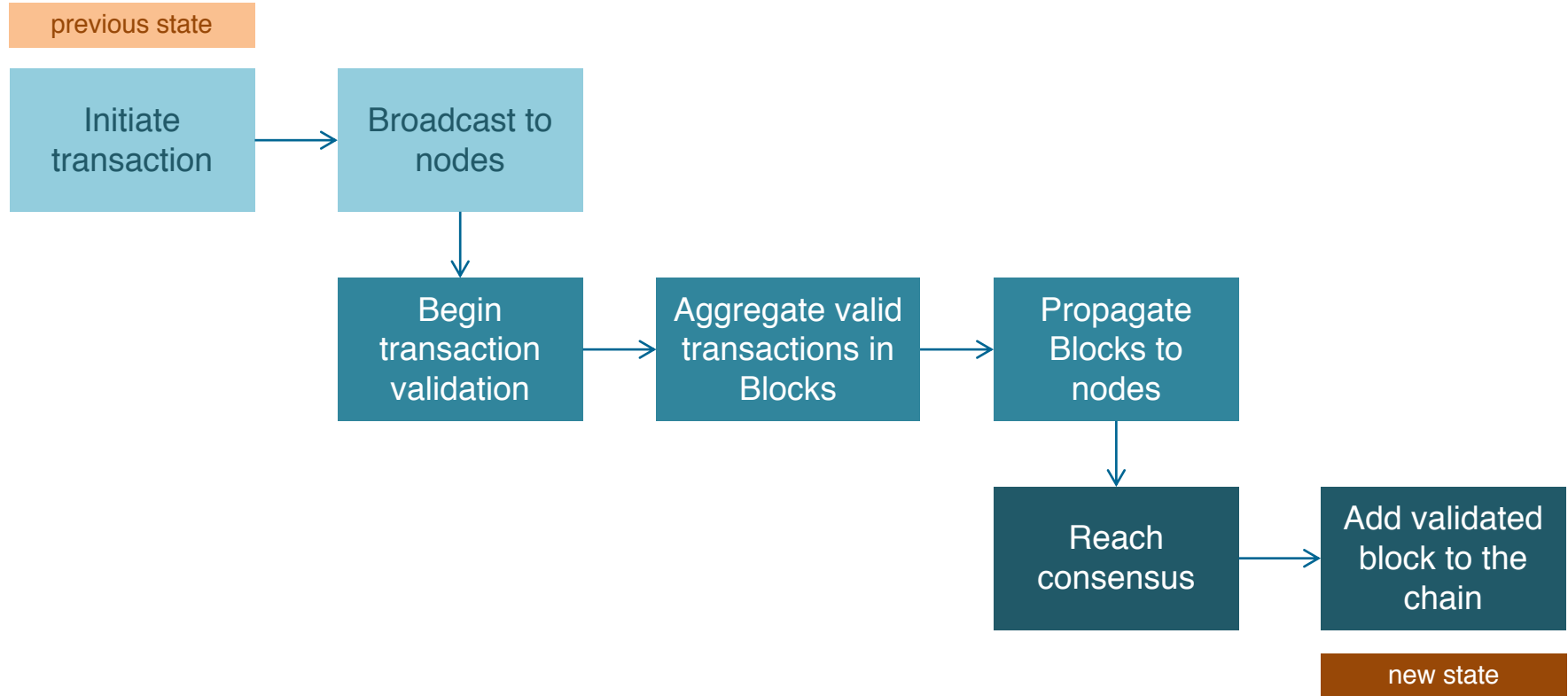
Source: World Economic Forum, "Blockchain Beyond the Hype", White Paper, April 2018

Blockchain

A Blockchain is a **public**, **permanent**, append-only, distributed ledger

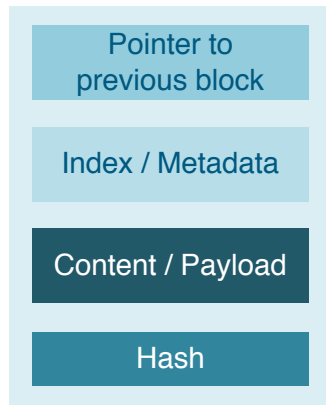
- Sequence of hash-chained records: **FINALITY** **IMMUTABILITY**
If record N is valid, you cannot change its past
- Procedure to add blocks: **PROVENANCE**
who / how can blocks be added?
- Validation rules for new blocks: **CONSENSUS**
transactions, digital signatures, consensus mechanism
- Conflict resolution: **PROVENANCE**
which version of history is (to be taken as) correct?

How it works, in principle...

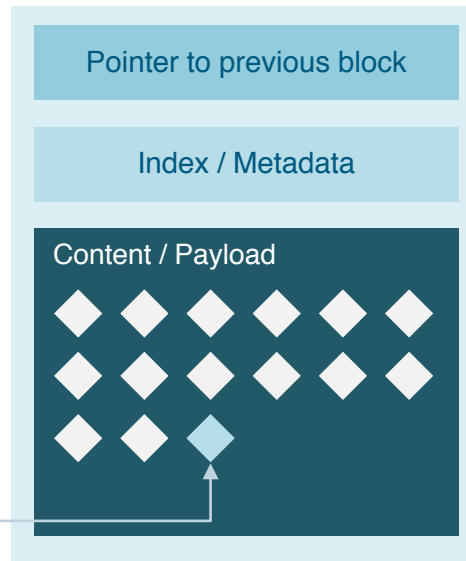


Block internals, in principle...

Block structure

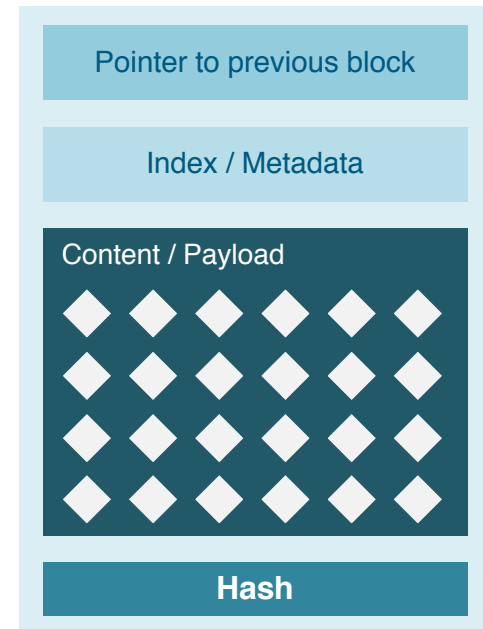


Transactions, aggregated

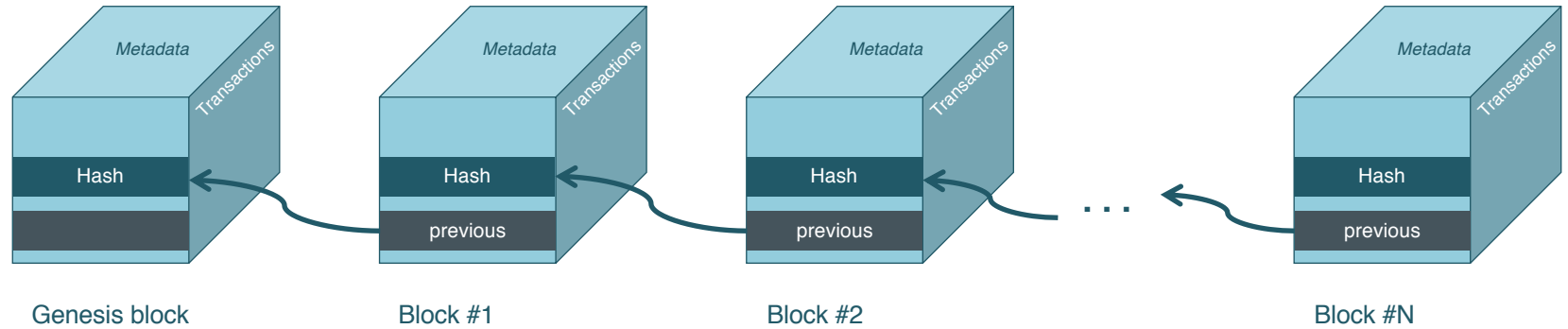


New transaction

New Block



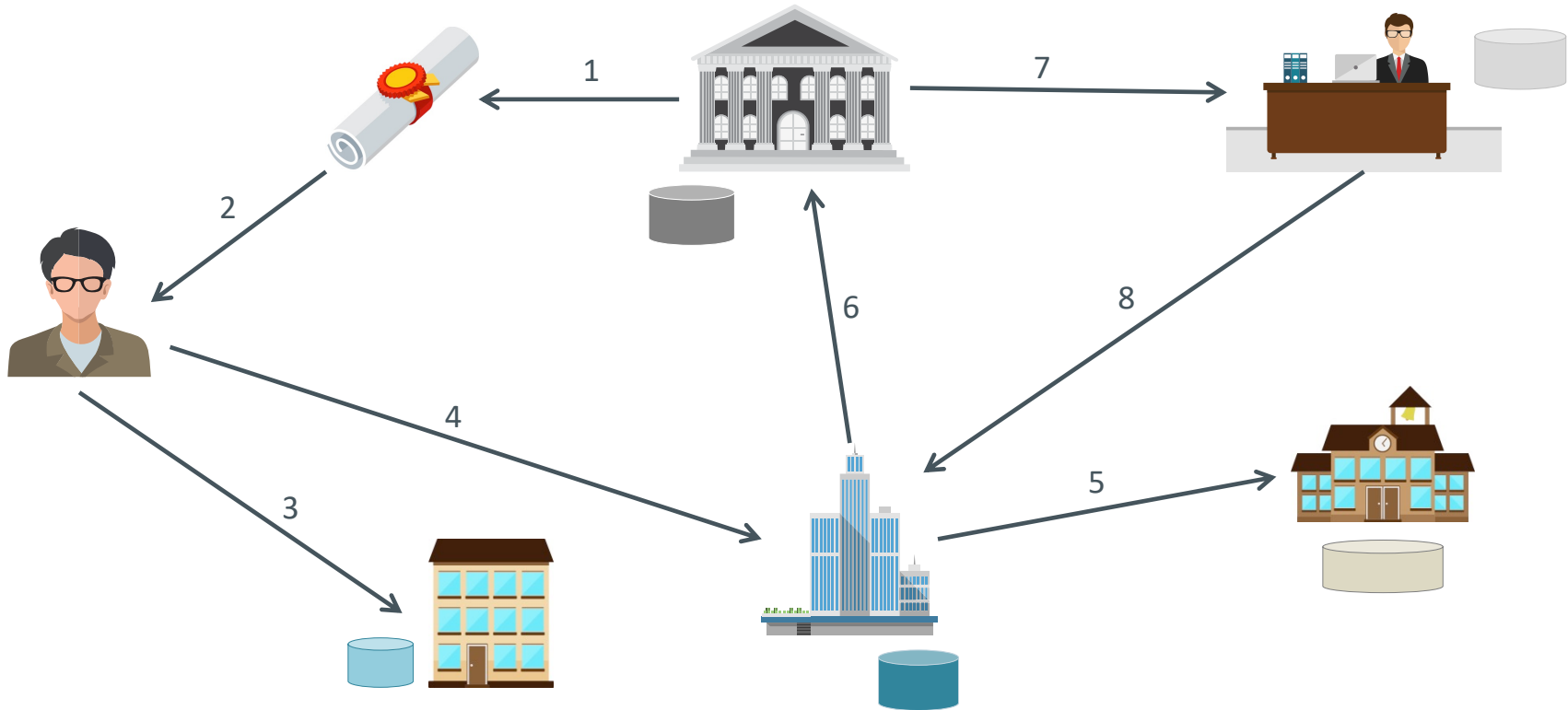
Blocks, chained



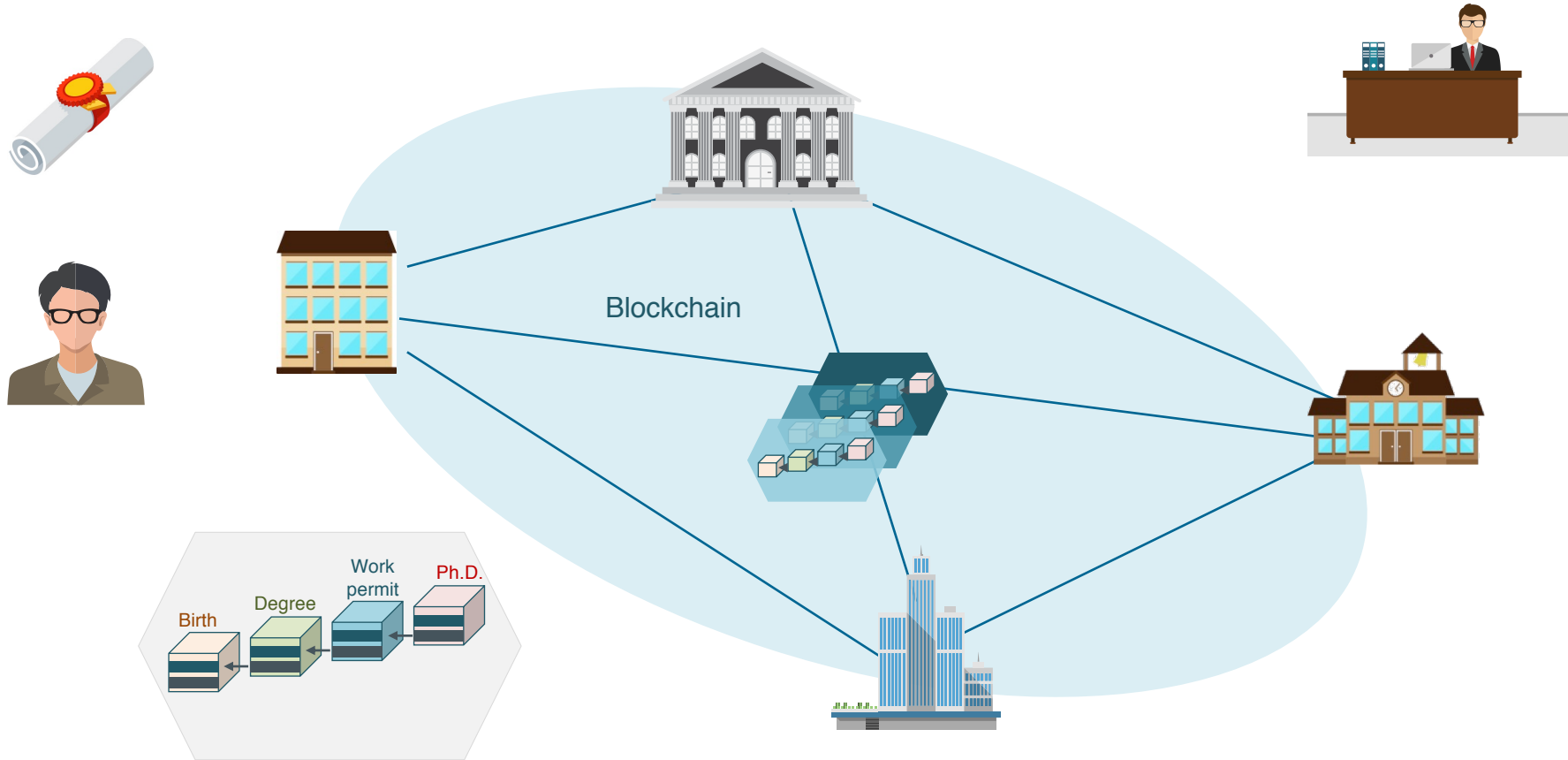
Example

Verification of academic degrees and professional practice permits in the job market

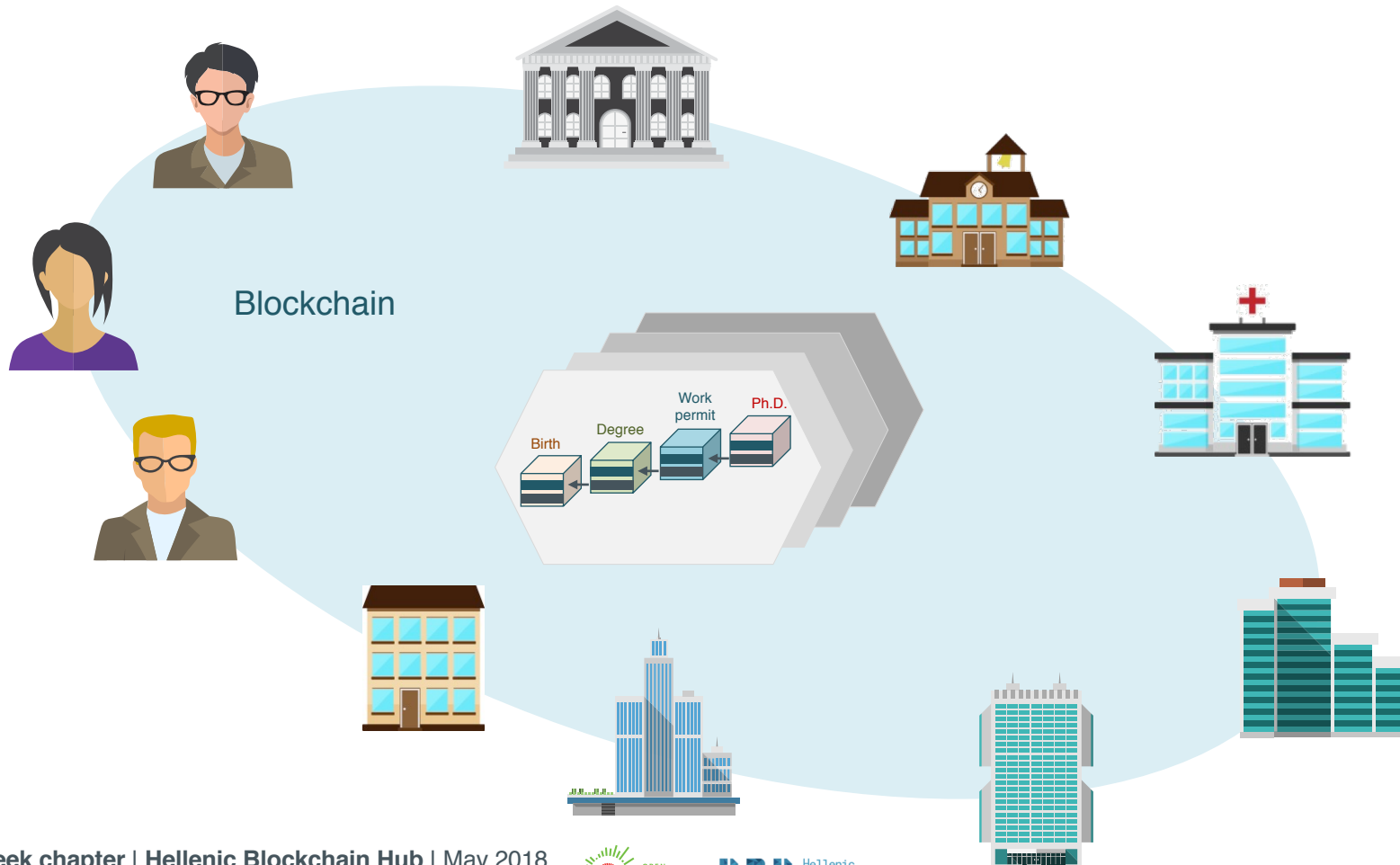
Example - Verification of University degrees and professional practice permits (short version)



Example - Verification of University degrees and professional practice permits (short version)

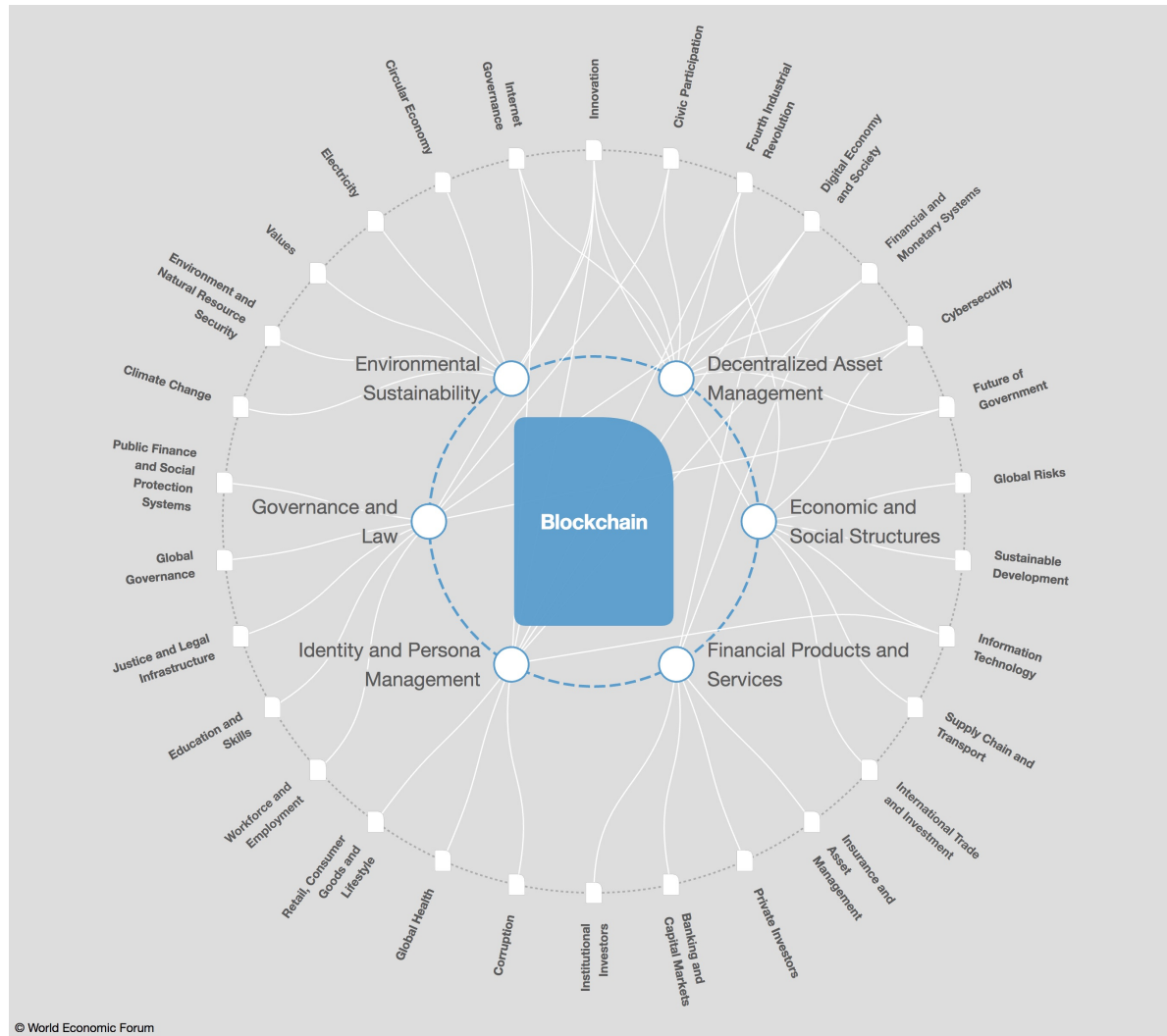


Example - Verification of University degrees and professional practice permits (less short version)



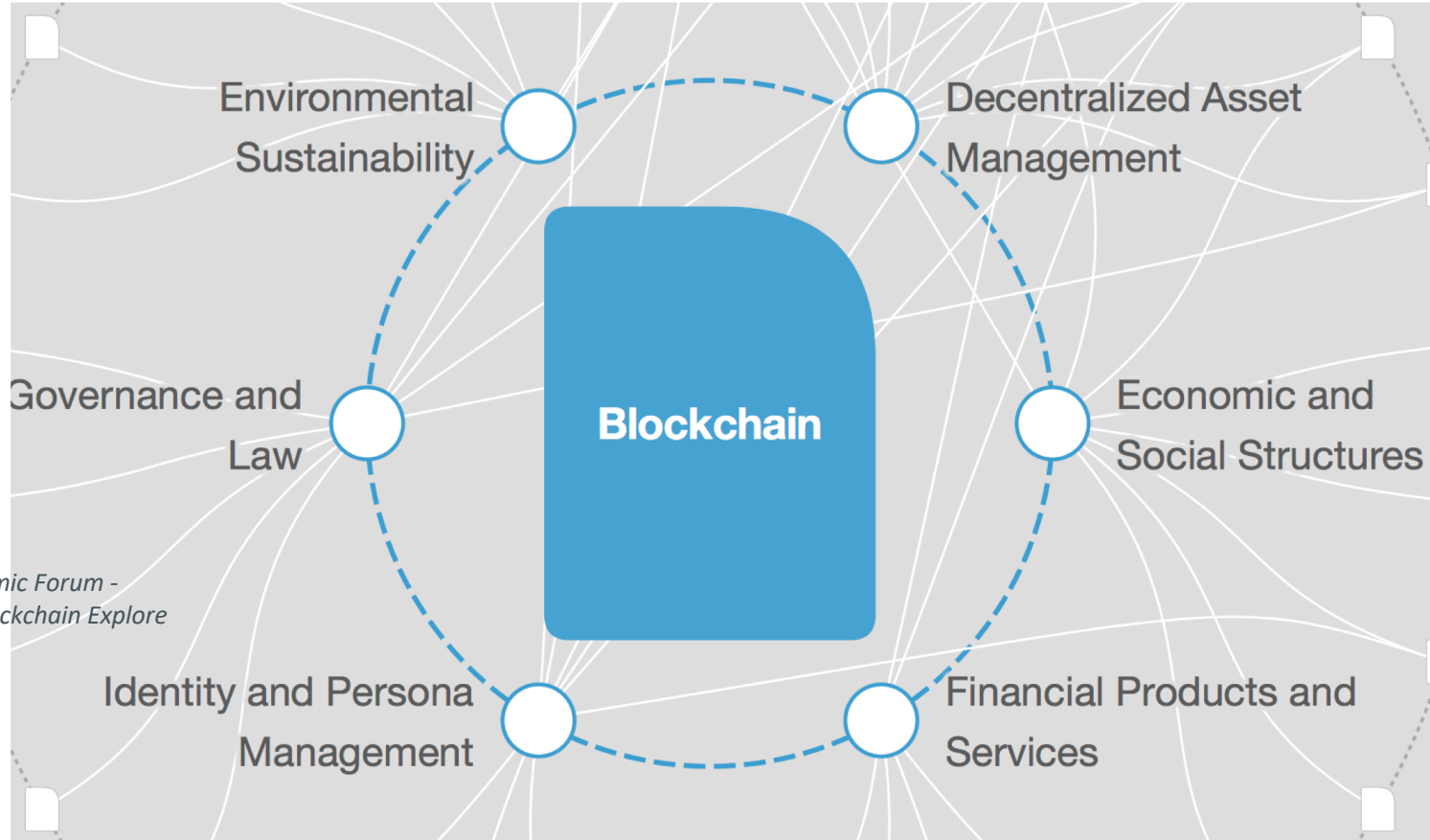
Applications of Blockchain

Applications



Source:
World Economic Forum -
TOPLINK - Blockchain Explorec

Applications



Source:
World Economic Forum -
TOPLINK - Blockchain Explore

Considerations, material for discussion

```

graph LR
    START([START]) --> A{A. Are you trying to remove intermediaries or brokers?}
    A -- YES --> B{B. Are you working with digital assets (versus physical assets)?}
    A -- NO --> D{D. Do you require high performance, rapid (~millisecond) transactions?}
    B -- YES --> C{C. Can you create a permanent, authoritative record of the digital asset in question?}
    B -- NO --> D
    C -- YES --> D
    C -- NO --> D
    D -- YES --> E{E. Do you intend to store large amounts of non-transactional data as part of your solution?}
    D -- NO --> NO_PATH[Do not use blockchain]
    E -- YES --> NO_PATH
    E -- NO --> YES_PATH[Blockchain can't do this efficiently yet, but solutions are in development]
  
```

Blockchain Decision Tree

START

A. Are you trying to remove intermediaries or brokers?

YES → B

NO → D

B. Are you working with digital assets (versus physical assets)?

YES → C

NO → D

C. Can you create a permanent, authoritative record of the digital asset in question?

YES → D

NO → D

D. Do you require high performance, rapid (~millisecond) transactions?

YES → E

NO → Do not use blockchain

E. Do you intend to store large amounts of non-transactional data as part of your solution?

YES → Do not use blockchain

NO → Blockchain can't do this efficiently yet, but solutions are in development

Do not use blockchain

Blockchain can't do this efficiently yet, but solutions are in development

E. Do you intend to store large amounts of non-transacted data as part of the solution?

Blockchain readiness assessment

F. Do you want/need to rely on a trusted party? (e.g., for compliance or liability reasons)

G. Are you managing contractual relationships or value exchange?

H. Do you require shared write access?

I. Do contributors know and trust each other?

J. Do you need to be able to control functionality?

Are contributors unified or well-aligned?

Blockchain may work – further research is needed

Blockchain is not ready for use

K. Should transactions be public?

```

graph TD
    I[I. Is the use case well defined?] -- YES --> Public1[Strong case for public ledger]
    I -- NO --> J[J. Do you need to be able to control functionality?]
    J -- YES --> Private1[Strong case for private/permissioned ledger]
    J -- NO --> K[K. Should transactions be public?]
    K -- YES --> Public2[Strong case for public ledger]
    K -- NO --> Private2[Strong case for private/permissioned ledger]
  
```

Are contributors unified or well-aligned?

World Economic Forum
<https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2018/04/questions-blockchain-toolkit-right-for-business>

Issues to consider

Strategy

- What Blockchains to implement? Priorities? Rationale? Cost?

Architecture - Software Engineering

- Mapping of existing (legacy!) aps, systems, databases, web services to efficient ledgers and smart contracts

Migration

- Transitioning, regulatory issues, fear of the new, hype

Politics

- New balance(s) and roles, some currently dominant players will go out of business

Ideas for brainstorming (last session)

How to be a (Blockchain) programmer?

What exactly does a non-biased Blockchain architect?

How to apply well-established Information Systems Engineering principles?

Project ideas, from small pilots to world-changing,
project areas (G2G, G2B, B2G, B2C, ...) and pioneer organizations

Monetization and TCO

Research topics and ideas

How about a summer school?

Thank you!

Contact

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